WHAT IS TO BE CLAIMED:

- 1. A superconducting material comprising a structure wherein C_{20} Fullerene molecules are polymerized into a one-dimensional chain.
- 2. A superconducting material according to claim 1, wherein C_{20} Fullerene molecules are bound via $\text{sp}^3\text{-bond}$.
- 3. A superconducting material according to claim 2, wherein no ${\rm sp^3\text{-}bond}$ exists other than bonding portions between the C_{20} Fullerene molecules.
- 4. A superconducting material according to claims 1, wherein the material having a structure obtained by injection of electrons or positive holes.
- 5. A superconducting material according to claims 2, wherein the material having a structure obtained by injection of electrons or positive holes.
- 6. A superconducting material according to claims 3, wherein the material having a structure obtained by injection of electrons or positive holes.
- 7. A method for producing a superconducting material, comprising the steps of:

incorporating and polymerizing C_{20} Fullerene molecules in a porous material which has a large band gap between a valence band and a conduction band;

mounting the porous material incorporating the C_{20} Fullerene molecules on a semiconductor substrate doped with an acceptor or a donor; and applying electric field to the porous material.

8. A method for producing a superconducting material according to claim 7, wherein the porous material having a large band gap is zeolite or a BN nanotube.